# 平成 28 年 6 月期 決算短信 (平成 27 年 7 月 1 日~平成 28 年 6 月 30 日)

平成28年10月3日

(百万円未満切捨て)

ファンド名 ABF汎アジア債券インデックス・ファンド

上場取引所 東京証券取引所

コード番号

連動対象指標 Markit iBoxx® ABF パン・アジア指数

主要投資資產 有価証券

1口

買 会 社 ステート・ストリート・グローバル・アドバイザーズ・シンガポール・リミテッド <u>URL http://www.abf-paif.com/</u> (役職名) ディレクター (氏名)ホンウィン・チャン (役職名) 代理人 (氏名) 伊東 啓 (TEL) (03)6250-6200

問合せ先責任者

有価証券報告書提出予定日 平成28年12月19日

#### Iファンドの運用状況

1. 2016年6月期の運用状況(平成27年7月1日~平成28年6月30日)

(1)資産内訳

	主要投資資産		現金・預金・その他の資産 (負債控除後)		合計(純資産)	
	金額	構成比	金額	構成比	金額	構成比
	百万円	%		百万円 %	百万円	%
2016年6月期	378	3, 100 (100)		470 (0)	378, 570	(100)
2015年6月期	323	3, 487 (100)		510 (0)	323, 997	(100)

(2) 設定·交換実績 (千口未満四捨五入)

(=) BUC 3400 400				( )
	前計算期間末 発行済口数(①)	設定口数(②)	交換口数(③)	当計算期間末 発行済口数 (①+②-③)
	千口	千口	千口	千口
2016年6月期	26, 573	6, 921	2, 587	30, 907
2015年6月期	24, 514	2, 826	767	26, 573

(3) 基準価額 (百万円未満切捨て)

	総資産 (①)	負債 (②)	純資産 (③(①-②))	1 口当たり基準価額 (③/当計算期間末発行済口数×1 口)
	百万円	百万円	百万円	円
2016年6月期	384, 515	5, 944	378, 570	12, 249
2015年6月期	327, 204	3, 206	323, 997	12, 193

(4)分配金

		1口当たり分配金	
*		*円	(米ドル)
2016年6月期	2016年7月22日	128	(1.25)
2015年12月期	2016年1月22日	168	(1.64)
2015年6月期	2015年7月22日	171	(1.67)
2014年12月期	2015年1月22日	194	(1.89)

- \* 各期間における分配のための基準日を記載しております。
- 日本円への換算は下記(注)記載の換算率で計算されており(円位未満切捨て)、実際に受益者に分配される金
- 額とは異なることがあります。 (注)日本円への換算は、1米ドル=102.64円の換算率(2016年9月12日に株式会社三菱東京 UFJ 銀行が発表し た対顧客電信売・買相場の仲値)により計算されています。
- 2. 会計方針の変更
  - ① 会計基準等の改正に伴う会計方針の変更 ② ①以外の会計方針の変更

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# ABF Pan Asia Bond Index Fund Annual Report 2016

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

As at 30th June 2016

		30th June 2016	30th June 2015
	Notes	US\$	US\$
Assets			
Current assets			
Investments	10(b)&(c)	3,683,751,240	3,151,668,101
Amounts due from brokers	10(0)0(0)	49,794,066	15,096,590
Cash at banks	8(e)	12,710,609	21,118,077
Total assets		3,746,255,915	3,187,882,768
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to brokers		52,662,241	26,170,651
Audit fee payable	- 4 10	25,806	47,336
Trustee fee payable	8(d)	140,692	261,910
Management fee payable	8(c)	880,125	586,559
Index license fee payable	9(a)	34,195	173,561
Other payables		4,175,759	4,001,327
Liabilities (excluding net assets attributable			
to holders of redeemable units)		57,918,818 	31,241,344
Net assets attributable to holders			
of redeemable units	3	3,688,337,097	3,156,641,424

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited

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# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30th June 2016

		F	F
		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		30th June	30th June
	N/-+	2016	2015
	Notes	US\$	US\$
In a second			
Income			
Interest income on bank deposits		28,934	73,502
Net gain/(loss) on investments	6	115,762,002	(27,739,255)
Net foreign exchange loss		(2,007,233)	(833,671)
Other income	5	1,273,433	410,798
Total investment income/(loss)		115,057,136	(28,088,626)
Expenses			
Management fee	8(c)	3,483,077	3,409,263
Trustee fee	8(d)	1,522,281	1,620,132
Index license fee	9(a)	349,023	295,756
Publication and printing expenses	<i>3(a)</i>	41,549	171,284
Audit fee		47,466	75,694
Processing agent fee	9(b)	21,402	12,381
Safe custody and bank charges	3(2)	53,535	27,727
Legal and professional fees		475,657	181,350
Annual insurance premium		31,000	31,000
Other operating expenses		8,769	27,584
Total operating expenses		6,033,759	5,852,171
Operating profit/(loss)		109,023,377	(33,940,797)
Finance costs			
Distributions to holders of redeemable units	12	(87,818,362)	(99,677,237)
Profit/(loss) after distributions and before tax		21,205,015	(133,618,034)
Withholding taxes	7	(7,143,760)	(8,570,211)
			-
Profit/(loss) after distributions and tax/increase/			
(decrease) in net assets attributable to holders			
of redeemable units from operations		14,061,255	(142,188,245)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS

For the year ended 30th June 2016

	For the year ended 30th June 2016 <i>US\$</i>	For the year ended 30th June 2015 <i>US\$</i>
Balance at beginning of the year	3,156,641,424	3,048,386,166
Issue of units	812,583,869	343,478,697
Redemption of units	(294,949,451)	(93,035,194)
Net issue of units	517,634,418	250,443,503
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units from operations	14,061,255	(142,188,245)
Balance at the end of the year	3,688,337,097	3,156,641,424

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# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 30th June 2016

	For the	For the
	year ended	year ended
	30th June	30th June
	2016	2015
	US\$	US\$
	334	004
Cash flows from operating activities		
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of		
redeemable units from operations	14,061,255	(142,188,245)
Adjustment for:	14,001,233	(142,100,243)
Interest income on bank deposits	(28,934)	(73,502)
Distributions to holders of redeemable units	87,818,362	99,677,237
Withholding taxes	5,426,349	8,332,133
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	107,277,032	(34,252,377)
Net increase in investments	(532,083,139)	(124,425,440)
Net (increase)/decrease in amounts due from brokers	(34,697,476)	11,720,118
Net increase/(decrease) in amounts due to brokers	26,491,590	(13,431,817)
Net decrease in amounts due to brokers  Net decrease in amounts due to the Manager	20,431,330	(407,298)
	185,884	888,038
Net increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	185,884	888,038
Cash used in operations	(432,826,109)	(159,908,776)
	20.024	72.502
Interest income on bank deposits received	28,934	73,502
Withholding taxes paid	(5,426,349)	(8,332,133)
Net cash used in operating activities	(438,223,524)	(168,167,407)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units	(87,818,362)	(99,677,237)
Issue of units	812,583,869	343,478,697
Redemption of units	(294,949,451)	(93,035,194)
	100.016.056	450 766 066
Net cash generated from financing activities	429,816,056	150,766,266
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(8,407,468)	(17,401,141)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	21,118,077	38,519,218
cash and cash equivalence at the segunning of the year		33/3:3/2:3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	12,710,609	21,118,077
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash at banks	12,710,609	21,118,077

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

ABF Pan Asia Bond Index Fund (the "Fund") is a Singapore unit trust authorised under Section 286 of the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) of Singapore and Section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong. The Fund was constituted by a trust deed dated 21st June 2005 between State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (the "Trust Deed"). The Trust Deed was amended and restated by an Amending and Restating Deed on 28th June 2006, a Second Amending and Restating Deed dated 28th June 2007, a supplemental deed dated 27th June 2008 and a Third Amending and Restating Deed dated 24th June 2011. The Trust Deed and all supplemental deeds are governed in accordance with the laws of Singapore. The Fund is also listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and Tokyo Stock Exchange. The date of commencement of operation of the Fund was 29th June 2005.

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to provide investment results that correspond closely to the total return of the Markit iBoxx ABF Pan-Asia Index (the "Underlying Index"), before fees and expenses. The Underlying Index is determined and composed by Markit Indices Limited (the "Index Provider"). The Underlying Index is an indicator of investment returns of debt obligations denominated in China Renminbi, Hong Kong Dollars, Indonesian Rupiah, Korean Won, Malaysian Ringgits, Philippine Pesos, Singapore Dollars or Thai Baht (each an "Asian Currency") issued or guaranteed by government, quasi-government organizations or supranational financial institutions, in each case as determined by the Index Provider and which are for the time being constituent securities of the Underlying Index.

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) held at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

New and amended standards that are effective in the current year and have been adopted by the Fund

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1st July 2015 that have a material impact on the Fund.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (a) Basis of preparation (Continued)

New standards and amendments to the standards that are relevant to the Fund but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Fund

IFRS 9, "Financial instruments" (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January 2018), addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. The complete version of IFRS 9 was issued in July 2014. It replaces the quidance in IAS 39 that relates to the classification and measurement of financial instruments. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income and fair value through profit or loss. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are required to be measured at fair value through profit or loss with the irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in other comprehensive income not recycling. There is now a new expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in IAS 39. For financial liabilities there were no changes to classification and measurement except for the recognition of changes in own credit risk in other comprehensive income, for liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 relaxes the requirements for hedge effectiveness by replacing the bright line hedge effectiveness tests. It requires an economic relationship between the hedged item and hedging instrument and for the 'hedged ratio' to be the same as the one management actually use for risk management purposes. Contemporaneous documentation is still required but is different to that currently prepared under IAS 39. Early adoption is permitted. The Manager of the Fund is yet to assess IFRS 9's full impact.

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a significant impact on the Fund.

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Investments

The Fund invests in debt securities which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. These investments are designated by the Manager at fair value through profit or loss at inception. Purchases and sales of investments are accounted for on the trade date basis. Investments are initially recognised at fair value, excluding transaction costs which are expensed as incurred, and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which they arise. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Investments that are listed or traded on an exchange are fair valued based on quoted bid prices. Investments which are not listed on an exchange are valued by using quotes from brokers. The investments are fair valued based on quoted bid prices inclusive of accrued interests.

Foreign exchange contracts are valued at the difference between forward rates ruling at the valuation date and the contract rates. Realised and unrealised gains and losses on foreign exchange contracts are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

#### (c) Income

Interest income on bank deposits is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method. Interest income on investments is accounted for as part of net gain/loss on investments in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Other income is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis.

#### (d) Expenses

Expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis.

#### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and demand deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (f) Amounts due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for investments sold and payables for investments purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled by the end of the year.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (g) Translation of foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("US\$"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the year end date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### (h) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Net Assets, where the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Fund or the counterparty.

#### (i) Redeemable units

The Fund issues redeemable units, which are redeemable at the holder's option and are classified as financial liabilities. Redeemable units can be put back to the Fund for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value. The redeemable unit is carried at the redeemption amount that is payable at the date of redemption if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Redeemable units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable units with the total number of outstanding redeemable units.

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (j) Segmental information

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Manager, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker that makes strategic decisions.

## (k) Distributions

Proposed distributions to holders of redeemable units are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they are appropriately authorised. The distribution on redeemable units is recognised as a finance cost in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 3. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS AND NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE

#### Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units

The Fund's capital is represented by the units in the Fund, and is shown as net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the Fund's Trust Deed, redeemable units are generally only issued and redeemed in blocks of 10,000 units with effect from 20th June 2013 or in whole multiples thereof. Subscriptions and redemptions of units during the year are shown in the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units. In order to achieve the investment objectives, the Fund endeavors to invest its capital in accordance with the defined investment policies, whilst maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests. Such liquidity is augmented by the holding of liquid investments.

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represent a liability in the Statement of Net Assets, carried at the redemption amount that would be payable at the Statement of Net Assets date if the holders of redeemable units exercised the right to redeem units in the Fund.

# 3. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS AND NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE (Continued)

Number of units in issue		
	2016 units	2015 units
Units in issue at the beginning of the year	26,573,264	24,514,240
Issue of units	6,921,210	2,826,024
Redemption of units	(2,587,420)	(767,000)
Units in issue at the end of the year	30,907,054	26,573,264
	2016 US\$	2015 <i>US</i> \$
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	3,688,337,097	3,156,641,424
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (per unit)	119.34	118.79
Net asset value per Creation unit (1 Creation unit is equivalent to 10,000 units)	1,193,364	1,187,901

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The Manager makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. Estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

#### Fair value of investments

The Fund holds a number of unlisted debt securities that are valued by reference to broker quotes. In determining the fair value of such investments, the Manager exercises judgments and estimates on the sources of brokers and the quantity and quality of quotes used. Such quotes adopted to fair value the investments may be indicative and not executable or legally binding. As such, broker quotes do not necessarily indicate the price at which the security could actually be traded at as of 30th June 2016. Actual transacted prices may differ from the quotes provided by the brokers. The Manager considers that in the absence of any other reliable market sources, the broker quotes available to them reflect the best estimate of fair value.

#### 5. OTHER INCOME

For each application for the creation or redemption of units, the Fund is entitled to receive a transaction fee of HK\$1,000 (approximately US\$128) per application and 0.125% for dilution charges.

#### 6. NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS

	2016	2015
	US\$	US\$
Change in unrealised gain/loss in value of investments	79,741,365	(138,442,302)
Realised gain on sale of investments	36,020,637	110,703,047
	115,762,002	(27,739,255)

#### 7. TAXATION

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Fund was authorised as a collective investment scheme under Section 104 of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance and is therefore exempted from profits tax under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

The Fund is also a designated unit trust in Singapore and therefore, the following income is exempted from tax in accordance with sections 35(12) and (12A) of the Income Tax Act (Cap 134):

- (a) gains or profits derived from Singapore or elsewhere from the disposal of securities;
- (b) interest (other than interest for which tax has been deducted under section 45 of the Income Tax Act);
- (c) dividends derived from outside Singapore and received in Singapore;
- (d) gains or profits derived from foreign exchange transactions, transactions in future contracts, transactions in interest rate or currency forwards, swaps or option contracts and transactions in forwards, swaps or option contracts relating to any securities of financial index; and
- (e) distributions from foreign unit trusts derived from outside Singapore and received in Singapore.

The Fund invests in RMB denominated bonds ("RMB bonds") listed on the stock exchanges in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). Under the prevailing PRC tax regulations, there are no specific rules or regulations governing the taxation of the disposal of RMB bonds. Under the general taxing provision of the Corporate Income Tax Law, the Fund may potentially be liable to pay PRC withholding income tax on the PRC sourced capital gains, unless reduced or exempted under relevant tax treaty. Based on the current verbal interpretation of the PRC State Administration of Taxation and the local PRC tax authorities, the authorities are with the view that capital gains derived by foreign investors from investment in PRC debt securities should not be treated as PRC sourced income and thus should not be subject to PRC withholding income tax. However, there are no written tax regulations issued by the PRC tax authorities to confirm that interpretation. As a matter of practice, such 10% PRC withholding income tax on capital gains realised by non-PRC tax resident enterprises from the trading of these securities has not been strictly enforced by the PRC tax authorities. The Manager has assessed the likelihood of such exposure and believes that there is no material tax exposure on the basis that no collection has been made by the China government since the commencement of operation of the Fund. As such, no provision was made for taxation from such gains in the financial statements. However, there is a possibility that the PRC tax authorities may change their current interpretation or issue specific regulation to clarify the tax treatment on bond trading gains. The Manager continues to monitor the position and will make an appropriate adjustment if and when it is considered that there are sufficient grounds to do so.

Overseas and PRC withholding tax was charged on certain interest income received during the year. As at 30th June 2016, the Fund made provision of US\$2,472,594 for withholding tax on interest income from PRC non-government securities (2015: US\$2,467,840). The amount is included in "Other payables" in the Statement of Net Assets.

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

# 8. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES INCLUDING THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS

Connected Persons of the Manager are those as defined in the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC Code"). The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited, respectively. State Street Global Advisors Singapore Limited is a subsidiary of State Street Corporation. HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited is a subsidiary of HSBC Holdings plc. All transactions entered into during the year between the Fund and the related parties including the Manager and its Connected Persons were carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

#### (a) Foreign currency transactions with connected persons of the Manager and the Trustee

During the year ended 30th June 2016, the Manager transacted in foreign currency transactions totaling US\$1,758,674,562 (2015: US\$952,293,341) through its affiliated party, State Street Global Markets, LLC, State Street Global Markets, Australia and the Trustee's affiliated parties, HSBC Hong Kong and HSBC Australia for the Fund's investments and settlement purpose. The amount represents 100% (2015: 100%) of the Fund's foreign currency transactions during the year ended 30th June 2016.

Name of company	Aggregate value of foreign currency transactions <i>US\$</i>	% of total foreign currency transactions %
2016		
HSBC Australia	1,121,283,199	63.76
HSBC Hong Kong	361,111,363	20.53
State Street Global Markets, LLC	276,280,000	15.71
2015		
HSBC Australia	610,839,626	64.15
HSBC Hong Kong	200,594,715	21.06
State Street Global Markets, Australia	100,000	0.01
State Street Global Markets, LLC	140,759,000	14.78

During the years ended 30th June 2016 and 2015, the Connected Persons of the Manager and the Trustee as listed above had included normal bid-offer spread for the foreign currency transactions entered with the Fund, which were carried out in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms. There were no direct commissions paid to Connected Persons of the Manager or the Trustee during the years ended 30th June 2016 and 2015.

# 8. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES INCLUDING THE MANAGER AND ITS CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

#### (b) Manager's holding in the Fund

As at 30th June 2016, the directors and officers of the Manager did not hold any units in the Fund (2015: Nil).

### (c) Management fee

The Fund pays the Manager a management fee\*, monthly in arrears and accrued daily, determined on the average daily net assets of the Fund at the rate as follows:

For first US\$1 billion	0.13%
For next US\$250 million	0.12%
For next US\$250 million	0.11%
Thereafter	0.10%

<sup>\*</sup> This fee may be increased to a maximum of 0.25% per annum upon three months' notice in writing to unitholders.

# (d) Trustee fee

The Fund pays the Trustee a trustee fee\*, monthly in arrears and accrued daily, of 0.05% per annum of the average daily net assets of the Fund.

\* This fee may be increased to a maximum of 0.15% per annum upon three months' notice in writing to unitholders.

#### (e) Bank balances

The bank balance of the Fund held with a related party of the Trustee is:

As at	As at
30th June	30th June
2016	2015
US\$	US\$
12,710,609	21,118,077

Bank balances

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 9. OTHER EXPENSES

#### (a) Index license fee

The index license fee is paid to the Index Provider of the Underlying Index. The index license fee is calculated at a scale rate with a maximum of 0.0175% per annum (2015: 0.0175% per annum) on the daily average net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum of US\$184,000 per annum (2015: US\$184,000 per annum). The index license fee is accrued daily and is payable quarterly in arrears.

#### (b) Processing agent fee

The processing agent fee is paid to Hong Kong Conversion Agency Services Limited. The processing agent performs, through Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited, certain of its services in connection with the creation and redemption of Units by authorised participants including facilitating the deposit of units into Central Clearing and Settlement System ("CCASS") upon creation of units and the withdrawal of units from CCASS upon redemption.

A monthly retainer fee of HK\$5,000 is also charged to the Fund.

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### (a) Strategy in using financial instruments

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to provide investment results that correspond closely to the total return of the Underlying Index, before fees and expenses. The Underlying Index is determined and composed by the Index Provider. The Underlying Index is an indicator of investment returns of Asian Currency denominated debt obligations issued or guaranteed by an Asian government, quasi Asian government organisations or supranational financial institutions, in each case as determined by the Index Provider and which are for the time being constituent securities of the Underlying Index.

All the financial assets and liabilities are classified as loans and receivables except for investments and derivative financial instruments, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund is exposed to risks including market price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and emerging market risk.

These risks, and the respective risk management policies employed by the Fund to manage these risks, are discussed below:

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (b) Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Fund's fixed income securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future price of the securities. The Fund's market price risk is managed through diversification of the investment portfolio. As at year end, the overall market exposures were as follows:

		2016			2015	
	Fair value	Cost	% of	Fair value	Cost	% of
	US\$	US\$	net assets	US\$	US\$	net assets
Investments						
– Debt securities	3,683,751,240	3,662,198,123	99.88	3,151,668,101	3,209,856,349	99.84
	2 602 751 240	2 662 100 122	00.00	2 151 660 101	2 200 056 240	00.04
	3,683,751,240	3,662,198,123	99.88	3,151,668,101	3,209,856,349	99.84

# Market exposures

The following table shows the market exposure the Fund has to various markets, incorporating the underlying market risk through all financial assets and liabilities held by the Fund.

	2016 US\$ equivalent	2015 US\$ equivalent
Markets exposed to		
China Hong Kong	775,383,132 537,568,507	628,722,154 469,541,966
Indonesia  Malaysia  Philippines	250,113,130 401,198,637 194,525,471	211,968,335 360,634,839 170,698,455
Singapore	558,716,835	488,808,972
South Korea Thailand	629,785,241 336,460,287	538,430,816
	3,683,751,240	3,151,668,101

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Market price risk (Continued)

There were investments issued by a single issuer with market value exceeding 10% of the Fund's net asset value at 30th June 2016 and 30th June 2015, as follows:

	2016	2015
	%	%
Hong Kong Government	13.89	14.08
China Government	19.70	18.11
Korea Treasury	16.82	15.93
Singapore Government	14.15	14.22
Malaysia Government	9.98	10.01

During the year ended 30th June 2016, the Underlying Index increased by 3.92% (2015: decreased by 0.76%), while the returns of the Fund including dividends increased by 3.41% (2015: decreased by 1.34%).

The table below summarises the impact on net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as a result of increases/decreases of the Underlying Index to which the Fund is exposed. The analysis is based on the assumption that the Underlying Index had increased/decreased by the respective percentage with all other variables held constant and the Fund's investments moved according to the historical correlation with the Underlying Index.

	2016		2015	
	Change in market index	Impact	Change in market index	Impact
	%	US\$	%	US\$
	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Markit iBoxx ABF Pan-Asia				
Index in US\$	6.00	221,025,074	6.00	189,100,086

Assumption: The change is based on the annualised return of the Underlying Index since inception and takes into consideration the Fund's historical correlation with the Underlying Index, which would be revised when there is evidence that the Underlying Index have become significantly more volatile.

The Manager has used their view of what would be a "reasonable shift" in each key market to estimate the change for use in the market sensitivity analysis above.

Disclosures above are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative. Changes in market index % are revised annually depending on management's current view of market volatility and other relevant factors.

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is generally lower for shorter-term investments and higher for longer-term investments.

The majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are interest bearing; as a result, the Fund is subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Any excess cash and cash equivalents are invested at short-term market interest rates.

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to interest rate risk. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

#### As at 30th June 2016

				Non-interest	
	Up to 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	bearing	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Assets					
Investments	83,248,401	1,637,536,846	1,962,965,993	-	3,683,751,240
Cash at banks	12,710,609		_	40.704.066	12,710,609
Amounts due from brokers		J. 16		49,794,066	49,794,066
Total assets	95,959,010	1,637,536,846	1,962,965,993	49,794,066	3,746,255,915
Liabilities					
Amounts due to brokers	<i>A</i>	-	-/	(52,662,241)	(52,662,241)
Other liabilities	1 1/2 -	-	1/2-	(5,256,577)	(5,256,577)
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable					
units				(3,688,337,097)	(3,688,337,097)
Total liabilities		-	-	(3,746,255,915)	(3,746,255,915)
Total interest					
sensitivity gap	95,959,010	1,637,536,846	1,962,965,993		

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

#### As at 30th June 2015

				Non-interest	
	Up to 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years	bearing	Total
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Assets					
Investments	180,815,881	1,304,166,030	1,666,686,190	_	3,151,668,101
Cash at banks	21,118,077	-	-	_	21,118,077
Amounts due from brokers	_	_	-	15,096,590	15,096,590
Total assets	201,933,958	1,304,166,030	1,666,686,190	15,096,590	3,187,882,768
10 (41 4350 (5					
Linkilitina					
Liabilities				(26.470.654)	(26.470.654)
Amounts due to brokers	_		-	(26,170,651)	
Other liabilities	-	, T	-	(5,070,693)	(5,070,693)
Net assets attributable to					
holders of redeemable					
units	_	_	-	(3,156,641,424)	(3,156,641,424)
			1		
Total liabilities	_	-	_	(3,187,882,768)	(3,187,882,768)
Total interest					
Total interest	224 222 252	4 224 455 222	1 555 505 100		
sensitivity gap	201,933,958	1,304,166,030	1,666,686,190		

At 30th June 2016, should interest rates have lowered/risen by 50 basis points (2015: 50 basis points) with all other variables remaining constant, the increase/decrease in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the year would amount to approximately US\$114,134,786 and US\$121,494,903, respectively (2015: US\$90,899,095 and US\$95,406,522), arising substantially from the increase/decrease in market values of debt securities.

Assumption: The change is based on the historical interest rate fluctuations and would be revised when there is evidence that interest rates have become significantly more volatile.

The Manager manages the investment portfolio by ensuring that the Fund replicates the Underlying Index movements effectively based on market exposures as well as duration risks across the yield curve.

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (d) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit and counterparty risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to pay amounts in full when due.

All transactions in securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default from transactions is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase when the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

The Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentration of counterparty risk consist principally of bank deposits and assets held with the custodians.

The table below summarises the assets placed with banks and custodians at 30th June 2016 and 2015:

#### As at 30th June 2016

	US\$	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Custodians and Banks			
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited  As at 30th June 2015	3,696,461,849	Aa2	Moody's
As at Soul suite 2015			Source of
	US\$	Credit rating	credit rating
Custodians and Banks			
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited	3,172,786,178	Aa2	Moody's

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (d) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

The table below categorised the investment portfolio by credit rating sourced from Markit iBoxx and supplemented by Standard & Poor's (converted to the Markit iBoxx credit rating for disclosure purpose):

Portfolio by rating category

Rating (Markit iBoxx)	2016 % of Investment	2015 % of Investment
AAA	28	28
AA	38	20
A	11	28
BBB	14	14
BB	7	7
Non-rated	2	3
Total	100	100

The Manager has assessed the credit quality of the investments based on the nature of the issuers and historical information about the issuers' default rates.

The maximum exposure to credit and counterparty risk as at 30th June 2016 and 2015 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below:

	2016 <i>US</i> \$	2015 <i>US</i> \$
Investments Amounts due from brokers Cash at banks	3,683,751,240 49,794,066 12,710,609	3,151,668,101 15,096,590 21,118,077
	3,746,255,915	3,187,882,768

None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The Manager limits the Fund's exposure to counterparty risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings and that the Manager considers to be well established.

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty or incur higher costs in settling a liability, including a redemption request.

The Fund is exposed to daily redemptions of units in the Fund. The Manager invests the majority of the Fund's assets in investments that are traded in an active market which can be readily disposed of.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the year-end date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 month <i>US\$</i>	1 month to less than 3 months <i>US\$</i>	Over 3 months <i>US\$</i>
As at 30th June 2016			
Amounts due to brokers Audit fee payable Trustee fee payable Management fee payable Index license fee payable Other payables Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	52,662,241 - - - - 36,030 3,688,337,097	25,806 140,692 880,125 34,195 65,976	- - - - 4,073,753
Contractual cash out flows	3,741,035,368	1,146,794	4,073,753
As at 30th June 2015			
Amounts due to brokers Audit fee payable Trustee fee payable Management fee payable Index license fee payable Other payables Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	26,170,651 - - - - 19,786 3,156,641,424	47,336 261,910 586,559 173,561 49,759	- - - - 3,931,782
Contractual cash out flows	3,182,831,861	1,119,125	3,931,782

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (e) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Units are redeemed on demand at the holder's option. However, the Trustee and the Manager do not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the tables above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as the holders typically retain their units for the medium to long term. At 30th June 2016 and 2015, there were 2 unitholders holding more than 10% of the Fund's units.

The Fund manages its liquidity risk by investing in investments that it expects to be able to liquidate within one month or less. The following table illustrates the expected liquidity of assets held:

	Less than 1 month	1-12 months
	US\$	US\$
As at 30th June 2016		
Total assets	3,746,255,915	_
	Less	
	than 1 month	1-12 months
	US\$	US\$
As at 30th June 2015		
Total assets	3,187,882,768	1

#### (f) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund has assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than US dollars, the functional currency. The Fund is therefore exposed to currency risk, as the value of the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Although the Fund has not actively engaged in hedging activities, the Manager may enter into spot and forward foreign exchange contracts from time to time to hedge against the fluctuations in exchange rates in relation to the settlement of creation and redemption of units, and other operational uses such as covering the Fund's exposure to currency risk from re-balancing the portfolios prior to market closure due to holiday.

# 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (f) Currency risk (Continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's monetary exposure to currency risks:

	2016	2015
	US\$	US\$
	equivalents	equivalents
Hong Kong Dollar	538,648,251	470,975,128
Indonesian Rupiah	251,412,814	211,824,183
Malaysian Ringgit	401,736,580	360,842,948
Philippine Peso	195,044,809	171,071,612
Renminbi	775,915,737	632,088,938
Singapore Dollar	558,888,333	488,986,001
South Korean Won	630,013,607	537,859,791
Thai Baht	336,952,450	282,846,237

The table below summarises the impact on net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as a result of increases/decreases of key exchange rates on the exposures tabled above, to which the Fund is exposed. The analysis is based on the assumption that the exchange rates had increased/decreased by the respective percentage (based on historical currency fluctuations and would be revised when the currency have become significantly more volatile) with all other variables held constant.

	2016		2015	
	Change	Impact	Change	Impact
	%	US\$	%	US\$
	+/-	+/-	+/-	+/-
Hong Kong Dollar	1	5,386,483	1	4,709,751
Indonesian Rupiah	12	30,169,538	12	25,418,902
Malaysian Ringgit	11	44,191,024	10	36,084,295
Philippine Peso	11	21,454,929	10	17,107,161
Renminbi	8	62,073,259	3	18,962,668
Singapore Dollar	8	44,711,067	6	29,339,160
South Korean Won	11	69,301,497	10	53,785,979
Thai Baht	11	37,064,770	10	28,284,624

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (g) Emerging market risk

The Fund invests in certain Asian bond markets that are considered to be emerging markets. These markets are subject to special risks associated with foreign investment in these emerging markets including, but not limited to: generally less efficient securities markets; generally greater price volatility; exchange rate fluctuations and exchange controls; imposition of restrictions on the expatriation of funds or other assets; less publicly available information about issuers; the imposition of taxes; higher transaction and custody costs; settlement delays and risk of loss; difficulties in enforcing contracts; lesser regulation of securities markets; smaller market capitalization; different accounting and disclosure standards; governmental interference; greater risk of market shutdown; the risk of expropriation of assets; higher inflation; social, economic and political uncertainties.

The Fund is designed to track the performance of the Underlying Index, a broad Asian local currency bond index; therefore the exposure to emerging market risk in the Fund will be substantially the same as the Underlying Index. As an index fund, the Manager manages the Fund's exposure to emerging market risk by ensuring that the key characteristics of the Fund, such as market weights and duration, are closely aligned to the characteristics of the Underlying Index.

#### (h) Capital risk management

The Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. The amount of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of the holders of redeemable units. The Fund's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for the holders of redeemable units and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Fund's policy is to perform the following:

- monitor the level of daily subscriptions and redemptions relative to the liquid assets; and
- redeem and issue units in accordance with the Trust Deed and supplemental deeds.

The Trustee and Manager monitor capital on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units.

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (i) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

IFRS 13, requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### **10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (Continued)

#### (i) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's investments (by class) measured at fair value at 30th June 2016 and 2015:

As at 30th June 2016	Level 1 <i>US\$</i>	Level 2 <i>US</i> \$	Level 3 US\$	Total balance <i>US\$</i>
Investments				
– Debt securities		3,683,751,240		3,683,751,240
		3,683,751,240		3,683,751,240
As at 30th June 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total balance
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Investments				
– Debt securities		3,151,668,101		3,151,668,101
		3,151,668,101	1	3,151,668,101

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets are classified within Level 1. As of 30th June 2016 and 2015, the Fund did not hold any investments classified in Level 1.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. As of 30th June 2016 and 2015, the Fund held investments in debt securities which were classified in Level 2.

Investments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently. As of 30th June 2016 and 2015, the Fund did not hold any investments classified in Level 3.

There was no transfer between levels for the years ended 30th June 2016 and 2015.

The assets and liabilities included in the Statement of Net Assets, except for investments, are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### 11. SOFT DOLLAR PRACTICES

The Manager may effect transactions, provided that any such transaction is consistent with standards of "best execution", by or through the agency of another person for the account of the Fund with whom the Manager or any of its Connected Persons have an arrangement under which that party will from time to time provide to or procure for the Manager or any of its Connected Persons goods, services or other benefits (such as research and advisory services, computer hardware associated with specialised software or research services and performance measures) the nature of which is such that their provision can reasonably be expected to benefit the Fund as a whole and may contribute to an improvement in the performance of the Fund. For the avoidance of doubt, such goods and services may not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods or services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employees' salaries or direct money payments.

Since the inception of the Fund, the Manager has not participated in any soft dollar arrangements in respect of any transactions for the account of the Fund.

#### 12. DISTRIBUTIONS

		2016 <i>US</i> \$	2015 <i>US</i> \$
Interim distribution			
<ul><li>US\$1.64 on 26,121,836 units paid</li><li>on 4th February 2016</li><li>US\$1.89 on 25,542,474 units paid</li></ul>		42,839,811	/-
on 4th February 2015			48,275,276
Final distribution			
<ul><li>US\$1.67 on 26,933,264 units paid</li><li>on 4th August 2015</li><li>US\$2.09 on 24,594,240 units paid</li></ul>		44,978,551	-
on 5th August 2014	<del>,</del>	<del></del>	51,401,961
Total distribution		87,818,362	99,677,237

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# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Continued)

#### 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Manager makes the strategic resource allocations on behalf of the Fund. The Fund has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Manager, which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager is responsible for the Fund's entire portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The Manager's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to provide investment results that correspond to the total return of the Markit iBoxx ABF Pan-Asia Index, before fees and expenses.

The internal reporting provided to the Manager for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of IFRS.

There were no changes in the reportable segments during the years ended 30th June 2016 and 2015.

All activities of the Fund are in a single business of investment activities conducted mainly in the Asia Pacific region. The Fund's income is from investments in debt securities issued by organisations in the Asia Pacific region.

The Fund has no assets classified as non-current assets. The Fund has a diversified portfolio of investments. During the year ended 30th June 2016, there were no investments which each accounted for more than 10% of the Fund's income (2015: Nil). Please refer to note 10 for investment holdings issued by a single issuer that account for more than 10% of the Fund's net assets.

The Fund also has a diversified unitholder population. As at 30th June 2016, there were two unitholders, which were the nominee account holders of the Fund (2015: two unitholders) holding more than 10% of the Fund's units. The two nominee account holders hold 77% and 14% (2015: 73% and 18%) of the Fund's units as at 30th June 2016.

#### 14. SUPPLEMENTAL RATIOS

	2016	2015
Expense ratio <sup>1</sup>	0.20%	0.19%
Turnover ratio <sup>2</sup>	39.72%	18.35%

- The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore ("IMAS"). The calculation of the expense ratio at financial year end was based on total operating expenses of US\$6,033,759 (2015: US\$5,852,171) divided by the average net asset value of US\$3,038,349,524 (2015: US\$3,104,129,510) for the year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the daily balances.
- The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales, being sales of US\$1,206,847,992 (2015: purchases of US\$569,631,923) of the underlying investments, divided by the average daily net asset value of US\$3,038,349,524 (2015: US\$3,104,129,510). In line with Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting framework for Unit Trusts" ("RAP 7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants in June 2012, total value of purchases or sales for the current year do not include brokerage and other transaction costs.

#### 15. EVENT OCCURRING AFTER YEAR END DATE

Subsequent to the year end, the Fund announced a dividend distribution of US\$1.25 per unit on 14th July 2016. The dividend was paid on 4th August 2016. The net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units as at 30th June 2016 has not accrued the dividend distribution payable as mentioned above.

#### 16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee and the Manager on 26th September 2016.